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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/611,617	06/30/2003	Bryan Y. Roe	42P15965	1380
59796 INTEL CORPO	7590 03/22/2007 RATION		EXAMINER	
c/o INTELLEV	-	•	VO, TED T	
P.O. BOX 52050 MINNEAPOLIS			ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
	-,		2191	
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MON	THS	03/22/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/611,617	ROE ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Ted T. Vo	2191	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app	pears on the cover sheet wi	th the correspondence address	;
Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNION (136(a). In no event, however, may a rewill apply and will expire SIX (6) MON (e, cause the application to become AB	CATION.  Poply be timely filed  THS from the mailing date of this communion  ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	·
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 J	s action is non-final. ince except for formal matt	• •	its is
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are pending in the application 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-18 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or application Papers.	wn from consideration.		
Application Papers		•	
<ul> <li>9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 30 June 2003 is/are: a Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Example 11.</li> </ul>	a) accepted or b) objeet drawing(s) be held in abeyaretion is required if the drawing	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). (s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		•	
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Burea * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	ts have been received. ts have been received in A prity documents have been nu (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	pplication No received in this National Stag	e
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s	nummary (PTO-413) b)/Mail Date formal Patent Application	

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

1. This action is in response to the communication filed on 06/30/2003.

Claims 1-18 are pending in the application.

#### Specification

- 2. This Specification is objected to.
- The use of the trademark, such as UPnP, Java, Windows, Linux, etc., has been noted in this application. It should be capitalized wherever it appears and be accompanied by the generic terminology. Although the use of trademarks is permissible in patent applications, the proprietary nature of the marks should be respected and every effort made to prevent their use in any manner which might adversely affect their validity as trademarks.
- Respectfully reminding that the specification arrangement should comply with 37 CFR 1.77. In this specification, it should be arranged including with the sections that appear in the arrangement shown as format:
  - (f) BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION.
    - (1) Field of the Invention.
    - (2) Description of Related Art including information disclosed under 37 CFR 1.97 and 1.98.

# (q) BRIEF SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION.

It would require amending the specification for fully complying with the requirements.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

3. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

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Claims 1-18 provide the functionality that modify a trade name Application, UPnP™, and use UPnP™ as the limitation in the claims. According to MPEP 2173.05(u): If the trademark or trade name is used in a claim <u>as a limitation</u> to identify or describe a particular material or product, the claim <u>does not comply</u> with the requirements of the 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph. Ex parte Simpson, 218 USPQ 1020 (Bd. App. 1982).

### **Double Patenting**

4. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Omum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1-18 are provisionally rejected on the ground of nonstatutory double patenting over claims
 1-26 of copending Application No. 10/365,230 (Pub. No. 2004/0158823 A1). This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not yet been patented.

The subject matter claimed in Claim 1-18, of this instant application, for example claim 1,

A method, comprising: accessing at least one of device-specific and/or platform information for a device that will implement a Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) control point; and generating custom source code, tailored to the device, to efficiently implement the control point on the device based on at least one of the device-specific information and the platform information.

is recited in the copending application. For example claim 1 of the copending application:

A method for generating a custom Universal Plug and Play ("UPnP") application for a device, comprising: accessing device-specific information for the device; accessing platform information for the device; and generating source code based on at least one of the device-specific information and the platform information.

The claimed subject matters claimed in this instant application is further identified in **copending**Application No. 10/365,230, independent Claims 1, 7, 13, and 19, and their dependent claims.

Furthermore, there is no apparent reason why applicant would be prevented from presenting claims corresponding to those of the instant application in the other copending application. See *In re Schneller*, 397 F.2d 350, 158 USPQ 210 (CCPA 1968). See also MPEP § 804.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

6. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) the invention was known or used by others in this country, or patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country, before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent.
- 7. Claims 1, 3, 7, 9, 13, 15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Microsoft Corporation, "Hosting Devices on Windows XP Using Universal Plug and Play", 5-2002.

Given the broadest reasonable interpretation of followed claims in light of the specification.

As per Claim 1: Microsoft discloses,

A method, comprising:

accessing at least one of device-specific and/or platform information for a device that will implement a Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) control point (See p.1 (Control point API)); and generating custom source code, tailored to the device, to efficiently implement the control point on the device based on at least one of the device-specific information and the platform information (See P. 1, "Introduction". See p. 2, "Implementing the service and Device Control Objects", referring to COM objects, compliant UPnP derives, or device object (Figure in p.4): source code).

2. The method according to claim 1 further comprising compiling the source code to generate the UPnP control point.

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As per Claim 3: Microsoft discloses, The method according to claim 1 wherein accessing the device-specific information further comprises accessing at least one of a device description and a service description for the device (See Microsoft Windows XP includes UPnP (platform information) through a Control point API, p. 1).

As per Claims 7, 13: The claims are article, and apparatus, that have the limitations address corresponding the functionality of the method Claim 1. See rationale addressed in Claim 1.

As per Claims 9, 15: See rationale addressed in Claim 3.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

8. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 9. Claims 2, 4-5, 8, 10-11, 14, 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Microsoft Corporation, "Hosting Devices on Windows XP Using Universal Plug and Play", in view of Aho et al, "Compilers Principles, Techniques, and Tools", 1998.

Given the broadest reasonable interpretation of followed claims in light of the specification.

Regarding limitations of Claims 2, 4-5, 8, 10-11, 14, 17-18: Microsoft does not explicitly teach compiling the device code generated by the developer.

However, compiling a source code is only conforming to the requirement, where a high level source requires compiling into executable code because the computer cannot run the high level source code.

Aho, teaches compiling in the Claims:

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As per claim 2: Aho discloses, The method according to claim 1 further comprising compiling the source code to generate the custom UPnP control point. A conventional compiling technique per se. A complier is to compile source code programmed by a programmer. See Aho reference, particularly, p. 1.

As per claim 4: Aho discloses, The method according to claim 1 wherein accessing the device-specific information further comprises receiving device-specific information from a programmer. A conventional compiling technique, that is input data per se. See Aho reference, particularly, p. 1.

As per claim 5: Aho discloses, The method according to claim 1 wherein generating the source code further comprises enhancing the source code for the control point. A conventional compiling technique per se; i.e. when compiling, the optimize phase will enhance the source code. See Aho reference, particularly, p. 10, Fig. 1.9.

It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include, "compiling the source code", recited in such manners in Claims 2, 4-5, with the teaching "generating device code" of Microsoft because compilation is a requirement for execution.

As per Claims 8, 14: Claimed functionality is corresponding to claim 2. See rationale addressed in the rejection of Claims 2, 4-5 above.

As per Claims 10, 17 Claimed functionality is corresponding to claim 4: See rationale addressed in the rejection of Claims 2, 4-5 above.

As per Claims 11, 18: Claimed functionality is corresponding to claim 5. See rationale addressed in the rejection of Claims 2, 4-5 above.

10. Claims 6, 12, 16 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Microsoft Corporation, "Hosting Devices on Windows XP Using Universal Plug and Play", in view of Aho et al, "Compilers Principles, Techniques, and Tools", 1998, and further in view of Microsoft.

Regarding limitations of Claims 6, 12, and 16, Microsoft further discloses XML descriptions that require a parser as further recited in claims 6, 12, and 16.

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It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was

made to include a parser as disclosed in the Microsoft reference for conforming to the requirement.

Conclusion

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should

be directed to Ted T. Vo whose telephone number is (571) 272-3706. The examiner can normally be

reached on 8:00AM to 4:30PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wei

Y. Zhen can be reached on (571) 272-3708.

The facsimile number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is the

Central Facsimile number 571-273-8300.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to

the TC 2100 Group receptionist: 571-272-2100. Information regarding the status of an application may

be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for

unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR

system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR

system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

TTV

March 16, 2007

TED VC

PRIMARY EXAMINER
CHNOLOGY CENTER 2100